Certificate of Analysis Heparinase II



Batch number 23

Date of manufacture November 2015

Stability Heparinase II stable for up to 24 months from the

date of delivery when stored at -20°C to -80 °C in a solution of 0.1M Sodium Acetate pH 7.0 containing 1mM Calcium Acetate and 0.1% BSA.

Storage and retest information Store at -20°c to -80 °c and check activity after 24

months.

Nature and origin of starting material Flavobacterium heparinum ATCC 13125

Manufacturing process and references Growth of bacterium: McLean, M.W. et al. (1984)

Eur. J. Biochem. 145, 607-615. Purification by further chromatography. Final product 0.22-um

sterile filtered and stored at -60 deg.C.

Impurities Other enzymes nominally 0.1% max. Baseline

resolution from the other heparinases.

CAS number 9025-39-2

Appearance/form Supplied as frozen solution containing 0.2% BSA,

0.22um sterile filtered

Specificity Depolymerises heparin and heparan sulphate by

elimination at the uronic acid. Very broad specificity, a small but significant number of totally resistant sites in both heparin and heparan

sulphate.

Unit of activity International units (IU). One international unit is

defined as the amount of enzyme that will liberate 1.0 µmole of product per minute from a heparin substrate at 30° C" (Product is unsaturated saccharides). Enzyme activity determined using

assay below.

Assay Against commercial porcine heparin in the

presence of calcium. Activity determined by

absorbance at 232nm.

The unit definition heparinase II is the activity that releases 1 micromole of delta (4, 5) hexuronate per minute at 30°C using an extinction coefficient

of 5400 per cm per M at 232nm for the unsaturated (4, 5) hexuronate product.

Assay Conditions:

Enzyme buffer: 50mM sodium acetate pH 7.0 with

1mM calcium acetate

Substrate: 600ug/ml of heparin equivalent to

1umole of disaccharide

Enzyme concentration: 10milliunits/ml

Temperature 30C

Approved by

Prof. J. Gallagher Iduron CEO